ACR/ARP Medication Guide

American College of Rheumatology Empowering Rheumatology Professionals

ASSOCIATION of RHEUMATOLOGY PROFESSIONALS

The Interprofessional Division of the American College of Rheumatology

Mycophenolate (Cellcept, Myfortic)

Mycophenolate exhibits cytostatic and reversible effect on T and B lymphocytes by inhibiting type I and II inosine monophosphate dehydrogenase (IMPDH) which inhibits nucleotide synthesis and blocks DNA synthesis, causing T cells to become less responsive to antigenic stimulation. T and B lymphocytes are dependent on this pathway for proliferation. It also prevents intercellular adhesion to endothelial cells which can inhibit leukocytes into sites of inflammation and graft rejection.

Note: Mycophenolate mofetil (CellCept®) and mycophenolate sodium (Myfortic®) are NOT equivalent

Resources from Manufacturer

<u>CellCept Prescribing Information</u> <u>CellCept Patient Medication Guide</u> <u>CellCept Copay Card</u> <u>Myfortic Prescribing Information</u> <u>Myfortic Patient Medication Guide</u> <u>Myfortic Copay Card</u>

Indications and Dosing in Rheumatology

*FDA approved indications

Adults

- *Organ Transplantation: dependent on organ transplanted
- Dermatomyositis (cutaneous), refractory: mycophenolate mofetil: 500mg by mouth twice daily for two weeks, then 1g twice daily
- Eosinophilic granulomatosis with polyangiitis: mycophenolate mofetil: 750mg-1.5g by mouth twice daily
- Focal segmental glomerulosclerosis, glucocorticoid dependent or glucocorticoid resistant: mycophenolate mofetil: 750mg – 1g twice daily with low-dose glucocorticoids; mycophenolate sodium: 540-720mg by mouth twice daily with low-dose glucocorticoids
- Systemic Lupus erythematosus (SLE), discoid lupus and subacute cutaneous lupus: mycophenolate mofetil: 1 to 1.5g by mouth twice daily; mycophenolate sodium: 720mg by mouth twice daily for duration of 2-3 months
- Lupus nephritis, focal or diffuse: mycophenolate mofetil: 1 to 1.5g by mouth twice daily duration typically 2 years; mycophenolate sodium: 720mg by mouth twice daily
- Takayasu arteritis: mycophenolate mofetil: 750-1.5g by mouth twice daily as tolerated with combination glucocorticoids

Pediatrics

Lupus Nephritis: mycophenolate mofetil: 300-600 mg/m2 twice daily, maximum 3g/day

Contraindications

- Hypersensitivity to mycophenolate mofetil, mycophenolic acid, mycophenolate sodium, or any component of the formulation.
- Mycophenolate mofetil (CellCept[®]): IV formulation is also contraindicated in patients who are allergic to polysorbate 80 (Tween).

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Black Box Warnings

- Use during pregnancy is associated with increased risks of first trimester pregnancy loss and congenital malformations. Avoid if safer treatment options are available. Females of reproductive potential must be counseled regarding pregnancy prevention and planning.
- Only physicians experienced in immunosuppressive therapy and management of organ transplant patients should prescribe Myfortic[®].
- Increased risk of development of lymphoma and other malignancies, particularly of the skin.
- Increased susceptibility to infections, including opportunistic infections and severe infections with fatal outcomes.

Warnings and Precautions

- New or reactivated viral infections: consider reducing dose
- Blood dyscrasias: monitor for neutropenia or red blood cell aplasia
- May cause CNS depression which may impair physical or mental abilities
- Gastrointestinal Complications: Monitor for complications such as bleeding, ulceration and perforations, particularly in patients with underlying gastrointestinal disorders
- Acute Inflammatory Syndrome Associated with Mycophenolate Products: Monitor for this paradoxical inflammatory reaction
- Use with cautions in patients with renal impairment
- Immunizations: avoid live vaccinations
- Patients with hereditary deficiency of hypoxanthine-guanine phosphoribosyl-transferase (HGPRT): may cause exacerbation of disease, avoid use
- Local Reactions with Rapid Intravenous Administration: Intravenous must not be administered by rapid or bolus intravenous injection.
- Blood donation should be avoided during therapy for 6 weeks thereafter
- Semen donation should be avoided during therapy and for 90 days thereafter
- Some dosage forms may contain phenylalanine and polysorbate 80, use caution in patients with hypersensitivity
- Use during pregnancy is associated with first trimester loss and congenital malformations
- Increased risk of development of lymphoma and other malignancies
- Increase susceptibility to infection, including opportunistic infections

See full prescribing information for further information.

Adverse Reactions

Most common adverse reactions (>20%): anemia, leukopenia, constipation, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, dyspepsia, infections including urinary tract infections and CMV infections, insomnia and postoperative pain. See full prescribing information for further information.

Medication Strength and Preparations

- Available as mycophenolate mofetil: 250mg capsules, 500mg tablets, 500mg IV solution, 200mg/mL suspension
- Available as mycophenolate sodium delayed release: 180mg and 360mg tablets

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Medication Administration and Storage

- Available as mycophenolate mofetil: 250mg capsules, 500mg tablets, 500mg IV solution, 200mg/mL suspension
- Available as mycophenolate sodium delayed release: 180mg and 360mg tablets

🗖 Oral

- Capsules/tablets: stored at room temperature, protect from light
- Oral suspension: once reconstituted can be stored at room temperature or under refrigeration for up to 60 days
- Injection

Store intact vials at room temperature, begin infusion within 4 hours of reconstitution

Medication Administration and Monitoring

🗖 Oral

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 - Should be administered over at least 2 hours, do not administer rapidly or bolus injection
- CBC and platelet count with differential, liver function, and renal function at baseline and periodically during therapy; blood glucose (if symptoms of hypoglycemia occur)

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DISCLAIMER: The information contained in this biologic reference guide is offered solely for purposes of providing health care professionals with a quick and initial reference. Before prescribing or administering any drug contained in this biologic reference guide, health professionals should read the manufacturer's complete prescribing information in order to be informed of the various clinical considerations to be taken into account. The American College of Rheumatology is providing this information as a benefit and service in furtherance of its educational mission. By providing this information, ACR is not endorsing or recommending any of the listed companies or any of their drugs or other products. The information contained in the biologic reference guides reflect the conclusions of the individual companies and not those of the ACR which specifically disclaims any responsibility or liability for the use of such information and/or for the performance of any of the drugs listed in this biologic reference guide.